Interactive Storytelling: from procedural gameplay generation to brave new genres

> Marc Cavazza http://ive.scm.tees.ac.uk/











Palombella Rossa (1989) Director: Nanni Moretti



# a Tale of Two Media

#### Games are Interactive

- Dynamic user-centric environment
- Games are striving to achieve a *filmic* experience
  - Cut-off scenes, improved visuals
  - characters' strong identity

# Films have High Aesthetic and Affective Content

- Traditional Media (Film)

   have achieved recognition
   through their aesthetic
   qualities, all their
   production process is
   controlled (from
   scriptwriting to editing)
- No interactivity (content generation issue, narrative consistency issue)



# Key Idea #1: What's in a Story?

- A story can be described as a sequence of causally connected actions
- Al techniques such as *Planning* which generate action sequences towards a world state can be used to generate stories







# From "story" branching to Interactive Storytelling



Fixed decision points Explicit graph Limited number of branches No "back-tracking"



Dynamically generated (implicit graph) Can generate many variants from the beginning Can accept input at each level Can regenerate dynamically





# IS versus standard Game Al

- Fine-grained planning of actions (each individual action)
- Characters follow a global story plan, or an individual plan (role) which covers the whole story
- Characters can re-plan (dynamic environment, user intervention ...)

- Coarse-grained planning of actions (levels, scenes)
- Characters are mostly reactive
- When/if characters have plans, these are **local**, task-specific and do not replan
  - ⇒ IS cannot simply "emerge" from autonomous characters





# **IS Generic Architecture**



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# **IS Generic Architecture**







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# (Current) Gameplay Problems

- There is no real Interactive Storytelling genre in current gameplay philosophy because
  - Conflicts with the centrality of the player (who is *the* story's hero if there is one)
  - Traditional gaming experience is conceived of as keeping the user interacting (few exceptions: simulation, God games ...)
- New 'filmic' game genres (e.g. Post-Sims ™))





# **Three Case Studies**

- 1. Blur the film / game distinction: *Machinima*-like approach
- 2. Use Interactive Storytelling techniques for Game Design instead of gameplay
- 3. Quantum Leap: explore future game genres: Immersive Interactive Storytelling





# 1. FILM-LIKE GAMING ENVIRONMENTS



# The Merchant of Venice



Porteous, J., Cavazza, M., Charles, F. (2010). Narrative Generation through Characters' Point of View. In Proceedings of the 9th International Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multi-agent Systems (AAMAS 2010).











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# Key idea #2: Narrative Generation is the basis for Interactive Storytelling

- Narrative Generation is the process by which a consistent sequence of actions is produced from their logical description
- A new action sequence will be produced from a new world state







# Narrative Modelling

- We start by modelling the set of narrative actions as they happen in the 'default' story
- We then extend this description to incorporate *alternative* actions
  - that makes possible the generation of consistent variants
- (in *olde* terminology) "Authoring for Procedural Generation", "Control by Design" ...





# IS Design Principle ...

1. Model baseline story



2. Add new potential actions(NOT alternatives to specific baseline story actions)

3. Narrative Generation can now produce multiple variants







#### [AUTHORIAL CONSTRAINT] SEALED-BOND-OVER-LOAN SHYLOCK ANTONIO VENICE-RIALTO [NARRATIVE ACTION] ASK-TO-BORROW-MONEY2



#### **1**

[from-UDK] :timestamp 30.7963 ActionStatusUpdate 1

[to-PLANNER]: a

[from-PLANNER] ASK-TO-BORROW-MONEY2 ANTONIO SHYLOCK BASSANIO VENICE-RIALTO\_CST-SEALED-BOND-OVER-LOAN SHYLOCK ANTONIO VENICE-RIALTO

[to-UDK](0): action-id TA\_LocateAt OBJ\_VeniceRialto2Right

[from-UDK]: timestamp 30 8720 ActionStatusUpdate 1

[to-UDK](1): action id TA\_AnimSpeak sorry1

[from-UDK]: timestamp 30 8882 ActionStatusUpdate 1

[to-UDK](2): action-id TA\_SetCamera CAM\_VeniceRialtoRight

[from-UDK]: timestamp 30.9190 ActionStatusUpdate 1





# **Action Description**



- Narrative Actions can be described as Planning operators, with their pre-conditions and effects
- Variants can be easily described for each action, which differ in means employed to achieve change, applicability conditions
- Example shown: different perspectives on a loan (risk-taking, hidden agenda ...)









(to-UDK)(10) action-id 1A. Anim5peak somy1 To-UDR(10), actioned 16, AnimiSposis som/1 Tion UDR(10), actioned 16, AnimiSposis som/1 Tio-UDR(11); actioned TA, SpeakTo-CHAR, SHYLDCK Trom-UDR(1); actioned TA, SpeakTo-CHAR, SHYLDCK Trom-UDR(1); actioned TA, Clear Territor, ANYONIO Trom-UDR(1); transitioner 30-4078 ActionStatusLpdate 1 SecURD(21); actioned 17, Clear Territor, ANYONIO Trom-UDR(1); transitioner 30-4078 ActionStatusLpdate 1 to-UDK)(13) action-id TA\_Animidie (Iron-LOK): timestamp 30:5337 ActionBtatusUpdate T to UDK(14) solion-ki TA\_SelCamera CAM\_VenceFlatoFlight (from-UDK). timestamp 30:5498 ActionStatusUpdate 1

[AUTHORIAL CONSTRAINT ] SEALED-BOND-OVER-LOAN SHYLOCK ANTONIO VENICE-RIALTO [NARRATIVE ACTION ] RESPOND-TO-LOAN-REQUEST3

CHICKNER (S)



Ho-UDIQ(20) raction-id TA Animidia from UDK] Intestamp 197 4300 ActionStatusUpdate 1 to-uDIQ(21) action of TA, ClearText CHAR, ANTONIO Non-UDK] Intestanp 197 5548 ActionStatusUpdate 1 (ID PLANNER] a Itom 4LANNER: RESPOND TO LOWN REQUESTS SHYLOCK ANTONIO VENCE RIVALTO. CST-SEALED-BOND OVER LOWN SHYLOCK ANTONIO VENCE RIVALTO. (Io-UDRQR) action id TA\_LocateAt OBJ\_VeniceRialto2Right (Irom-UDK): Imentamp 197 6580 ActionStatusUpdate 1 to-UDRQ(1) action id TA\_SelCamera CAM\_VenceFlatoFlight [Yom-UDK] Innestamp 197 7238 ActionStatusUpdate 1

AV

SV





## Mapping Narrative actions onto physical actions



- Narrative Generation operates at the level of generic actions
- These have to be instantiated as physical actions





# Key idea #3: Controlling Story Dynamics



- Narrative = actions + pace
- Generating a narrative means generating the sequence of actions that constitute its backbone
  - and this is why Planning is so popular as a technology, because it generates a sequence of actions progressing the world state towards a given state
- The next challenge is to control "pace", the dynamics of actions ...





Joint work with Eidos Interactive

# 2. INTERACTIVE STORYTELLING TECHNIQUES FOR GAME DESIGN



# The Problem

- Exploring Interactive Storytelling for current game genres
- Hitman <sup>™</sup> : has narrative aspects, and Hitman <sup>™</sup> has to elaborate various *plans* to achieve its mission objectives
- However: Hitman <sup>™</sup> is the player character, there would be *no gameplay* if solutions were automatic!





# Storyboarding ...





Original design documents courtesy of Eidos and IO Interactive



## Generation of Game Level Solutions



#### Actions: Strips operator

#### *HSP:* Heuristic Search Planning







# **Plan-based Solution Generation**



Pizzi, D., Lugrin, J.-L., Whittaker, A. And Cavazza, M. Automatic Generation of Game Level Solutions as Storyboards. *IEEE Transactions on Computational Intelligence and Artificial Intelligence in Games, in press* 





# **Storyboard Generation**



Panel Template Generation







# Situation Example



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# Plan Progression: visualising gameplay?



**Operator Applied** 





# Lessons Learned

- If the system uncovered new possible level solutions ...
- ... this means that in current game design not all solutions are visible / controllable from a design perspective
- So, why be afraid of Narrative Generation?





# 3. IMMERSIVE INTERACTIVE STORYTELLING



## Holodeck <sup>™</sup> -like Systems







## CaveUT<sup>™</sup> Architecture



Unreal Tournament is a Trademark of Epic Games CaveUT is a Trademark of PublicVR CAVE is a Trademark of the University of Illinois at Chicago

Teesside University Compile - Future Entertainment-

# CaveUT™

- Unreal Engine ported to multi-screen display with real-time head tracking and wand controller
- Developed by PublicVR (www.publicVR.org)
- Stereoscopic extension by Teesside University
- Real-time, immersive, stereoscopic visualisation and interaction based on the Unreal Engine





# Immersive Interactive Storytelling



Lugrin, J.-L., Cavazza, M., Pizzi, D., Vogt, T., and Andre E., 2010 Exploring the Usability of Immersive Interactive Storytelling ACM Virtual Reality and Software Technology 2010, University Hong-Kong, to appear

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#### Interacting with objects

#### Interacting with Characters







# The Narrative: *Madame Bovary*





Marc Cavazza, Jean-Luc Lugrin, David Pizzi, Fred Charles: Madame Bovary on the Holodeck: immersive interactive storytelling. ACM Multimedia 2007, pp. 651-660.





## Interactive Madame Bovary





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# EmoEmma

DUTY					A REAL PROFILE	r wer Slap	WalksAway
			"Emma, I do not lov	re you"			
PLEASURE	The and the second seco	MentionsLoveHigh	Interaction				
	Operator 1	Operator 2	Operator 3	Interpretation	Operator 4	Operator 5	Operator 6

Cavazza, M., Pizzi, D., Charles, F., Vogt, T. and André, E., 2009. Emotional Input for Character-based Interactive Storytelling. In: *Proceedings of the 8th International Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multiagent Systems (AAMAS)*, Budapest, Hungary, May 2009, pp. 313-320.





# **User Interaction Paradigms**

Actor mode: plays as *Rodolphe* 

#### **Ghost mode: free ride**





# Interactions in Ghost Mode





# Interaction Mode - Actor -





# User Interaction (speech)



Participant talks to Emma

"Positive" Feedback Animation

#### Action "EMMA\_MENTIONS\_LOVE"











# User Interaction (physical)







## Interaction via Narrative Objects





# **User Experiments**

- 38 subjects (20 male, 18 female), av. age 30.6 years
- all types, not necessarily gamers
- Session: av. 45 mn:
  - 10 briefing, 10 VR practice, 6 + 6 experiements, 15 questionnaires filling





# User Experience: what they do







# Navigating stage and story







# **User Interactions**







# User Influence







# **ITC/SOPI** Questionnaire





Questionnaire used courtesy of J. Lessiter and J. Freeman



# Conclusions

- New technology that can support novel gaming genres
  - depend on other emergent technologies: speech recognition, 3D visualisation ...
- Change of perspective in Game AI: *knowledge representation* more important than algorithms





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  - European Commission FP6 ICT Integrated Project CALLAS
  - European Commission FP7 ICT Network of Excellence IRIS











# http://ive.scm.tees.ac.uk/





# Announcement: FDG 2011



#### INTRODUCTION

FDG 2011, the International Conference on the Foundations of Digital Games, is a focal point for academic efforts in all areas of research and education involving games, game technologies, gameplay and game design. The goal of the conference is the advancement of the study of digital games, including new game technologies, capabilities, designs, applications, educational uses, and modes of play.

FDG 2011 will include presentations of peer-reviewed papers, invited talks by high-profile industry and academic leaders, hands-on tutorials and topical panels on a range of subjects related to games research and education. We invite researchers and educators to share insights and cutting-edge results relating to game technologies and their use.

#### June 28<sup>th</sup> - July 1<sup>st</sup> (TBC)





# **Further Reading**

- Lugrin, J.-L., Cavazza, M., Pizzi, D., Vogt, T., and Andre E., 2010. Exploring the Usability of Immersive Interactive Storytelling. *ACM Virtual Reality and Software Technology 2010*, Hong-Kong, to appear.
- Porteous, J., Cavazza, M., Charles, F., 2010. Narrative Generation through Characters' Point of View. In Proceedings of the 9<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multiagent Systems (AAMAS 2010), Toronto, Canada, May 2010.
- Porteous, J., Cavazza, M., Charles, F., 2010. Applying Planning to Interactive Storytelling: Narrative Control using State Constraints. *ACM Transactions on Intelligent Systems and Technology* (ACM TIST), in press.
- Cavazza, M., Pizzi, D., Charles, F., Vogt T., André E., 2009. Emotional Input for Character-based Interactive Storytelling. *Proceedings of the 8<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multiagent Systems* (AAMAS)2009), Budapest, Hungary, May 2009.
- Pizzi, D., Lugrin, J.-L., Whittaker, A. And Cavazza, M. Automatic Generation of Game Level Solutions as Storyboards. IEEE Transactions on Computational Intelligence and Artificial Intelligence in Games, in press
- Cavazza, M., Lugrin, J.L., Pizzi, D., Charles, F. (2007). Madame Bovary on the Holodeck: Immersive Interactive Storytelling Proceedings of the ACM Multimedia 2007, ACM Press, Augsburg, Germany, 2007.



